User Manual

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english version

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We're talking M2M language...

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1 Package

1.1 Box

Original box of the product is shown in the picture below.



We can find product sticker on the box. It matches modems sticker that is placed on the device. This proves that your modem is original product. More information about stickers in chapter Product sticker.

1.2 Complete package contents





Complete package contains: A) RBMTX modem

B) Antenna GSM (SMA connector)



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1.3 Modem version

There are many ways to upgrade your RBMTX modem. List below shows typical configuration and different combinations (versions) of this terminal.

omiguration and unferent combinations (versions) of this terminal.				
Option	Typical	Option		
Power supply	9-30V			
CPU	IMX286 450MHz	IMX286 450MHz		
Memory	128MB RAM, 512MB MicroSD card (part used for Linux system, the size of SD card can be changed in the future)			
RS232	Systems console	Second RS485, instead of RS232		
RS485	1	2		
I/O connectors	-	4 digital inputs, 4 digital outputs, ADC output, 2 analog inputs, I ² C, CAN interface, 3.3V output power supply, audio I/O, miniUSB 2.0		
Connection	HSPA+ (GSM, GPRS, EDGE)	UMTS, LTE		
SIM	Extractable	Built-in		
Dual SIM	-	Option unavailable		
Audio codec	-	Mono microphone. Stereo input LINE IN, Stereo output LINE OUT, or Speaker output SPK OUT		
LAN	Ethernet 10/100Mbps	WiFi modem		

Product codes:

		RBMT	X]x[\Box .		
Н	_	HE910						
L	_	LE910						
U	-	UL865						
1	-	1SIM				σ,		
2	-	2SIM				Special Softweare		
						Softv	ţi	
X	-	standard				iai	Ö	
Ю	-	option GPIO				Spec	Special Option	
							જ	
G	-	GPS						
W	-	WiFi						
D	-	DIV antenna						
Х	-	standard						
Χ	-	standard:						
		power supply						
		- antenna						

Example: **RBMTX-Hx1.X.G.X.X** – HSPA+ modem with GPS, 1 SIM holder



2 General presentation

2.1 Front panel



2.2 Back panel





2.3 External connections

2.3.1 Interfaces and connectors

2.3.1.1 GSM antenna connector

SMA antenna connector placed on front panel is used to connect external GSM. To establish connection with GSM network an external antenna must be used. Type of antenna depends on GSM coverage. In good circumstances (level of received signal is high) use antenna which is attached in the package. If range of GSM is low or none, an outdoor directional/omnidirectional or indoor (for instance in place where GSM range is sufficient) antenna should be used.

Note: If there is no antenna connected to SMA connector, the connection with GSM network is impossible.

2.3.1.2 Modem serial port, either full RS232/RS485

Serial RS232/RS485 (through RJ-45 connector) is placed on front panel of modem and it can be configured for special use as an option for customer.

vei		
RS232 RS485 2x RS485		RB-MTX
		RJ45
A	A1	1
5V	5V	2
В	B1	3
GND	GND	4
TX	A2	5
RX	B2	6
RTS	NC	7
CTS	NC	8

	Rb-MTX	RS232	RS485
	RJ45	DB9F	DB9F
Α	1	nc	1
5V	2	2	2
В	3	3	nc
GND	4	nc	nc
TX	5	5	5
RX	6	ns	6
RTS	7	7	nc
CTS	8	8	nc



2.3.1.3 RJ-45 connector

RJ-45 connector is placed on front panel of RBMTX modem and used for communication with PC or laptop to plug cable for Ethernet. In order to start configuration pages of modem plug UTP cable between RJ-45 of modem and RJ-45 of your computer. Configuration pages are available in the web browser under IP address specified on the modem (default address is 192.168.1.234).



2.3.1.4 Power supply connector

In the RBMTX modem power supply 6V-30V care must be taken to ensure "clean" power supply input and especially to avoid short transients on power supply lines originating from inductive load switching.

2.3.1.5 Audio I/O

Audio Input and Output lines are available as option. There are three lines available:

- SPK/LINE OUT external speaker or line out
- LINE IN
- MIC IN -microphone plug

2.3.1.6 20-pin connector

RBMTX is available with 20pin connector as an option. Detailed description is shown below.



PIN*	Function	PIN*	Function
Upper row		Lower row	
1	ADC IN1	2	ADC IN2
3	DAC OUT	4	GND (not main supply input)
5	GND (not main supply input)	6	GND (not main supply input)
7	IN1	8	IN2
9	IN3	10	IN4
11	OUT1	12	OUT2
13	OUT3	14	OUT4
15	I2C SDA	16	I2C SCL
17	CAN L	18	CAN H
19	GND (not main supply input)	20	+3.3V output, 75mA max.

GND - ground. Do not connect directly with minus of power supply input.





SIM card holders are placed in front panel of RBMTX. To insert SIM card into the extractable holder **push yellow button and take holder out**. Place SIM card as show in the picture. To operate the module in a GSM network, it is necessary to insert at least one SIM card obtained from the network operator.

2.4 Product sticker

A production sticker includes the following information:

- Product serial number
- the CE marking
- the 15-digit bar code
- the model signature (RBMTX)



Device sticker



Box Sticker

3 Basic features and services

Basic features and available services are contained in table below.

Feature / service	Description
Supported bands	All variants:
Data features	HSPA+ (downlink 21 Mbit/s, uplink 5,76 Mbit/s) UMTS (downlink 7,2 Mbit/s, uplink 5,76 Mbit/s) EDGE (Multi-slot class 10, max BR downlink 236,8 Kb/s) GPRS (Multi-slot class 10, max BR downlink 85,6 Kb/s) CSD (Max BR 14,4 Kb/s) Embedded protocols: TCP/IP, UDP/IP, SSL, HTTP, HTTPS, FTP, SMTP, POP3, IBM MQTT Class B GSM 07.10 multiplexing protocol
WiFi	Standard: • 802.11b/g/n, 802.3, 802.3u Date rate • up to 150 Mbps
Power supply	 Nominal voltage range: 9V-30V Maximum continuous (average) supply power: 5W Peak (momentary) supply current: 1 A
Interfaces (typical version)	GSM antenna connector: SMA 1x SIM Card: 1.8V, 3V standards RS232 and RS485 via RJ-45 RJ-45 connector (x2) miniUSB (OTG) power supply connector
Options*	 Dual SIM I/O interfaces (CAN, 3.3V output,) Audio I/O WiFi antenna connector: SMA
Other	Physical size: Max. Dimensions: 83 x 60 x 34 mm (w/ connectors) Operating temperature range: Min. 0°C Max. 45°C
*option	



4 Using the modem

4.1 Setting up the modem

To set the modem, do the following steps:

4.1.1 Inserting SIM card(s)

- Push yellow button place on front panel and take SIM holder drawer out.
- Place SIM card(s) in the holder(s) as shown in the picture:



*modems are available with one or two SIM cards

4.1.2 Connecting antenna

Connect the GSM antenna to the SMA connector, or both GSM and GPS in optional versions of the modem.



4.1.3 Connecting power supply cable

Connect power supply cable into power supply connector



4.1.4 Connecting UTP cable with RJ-45

Plug UTP or similar cable to RJ-45 plug.



4.2 Modem configuration

Modem is configured via web browser making it portable and easy to use. Modem configuration is described below in following sections. Modem settings are divided into sections which allows user to easily find option needed. When switching tabs settings are automatically saved in modem cache, to save settings permanently and apply them click Save Settings in menu. You can also discard changes by choosing appropriate option from the bottom of the menu.

WARNING: Cache is cleared on modem reset or pulling the power cable out. WARNING: Not all tabs are available on every modem version.

4.2.1 Setting up the connection

After you connect all necessary cables (see Setting up the modem Setting up the modem) you can set up connection. Connect UTP cable to your computer and go to Internet protocol TCP/IP properties (*Network connections -> Local Area Connection ->Internet protocol TCP/IP-> Properties*) and set your IP address as 192.168.1.x. Please read how to change TCP/IP settings of your network card in this thread (for Windows 7): http://windows.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/change-tcp-ip-settings#1TC=windows-7

Now modem will connect your computer and its configuration page can be seen by going to default IP address in your browser **192.168.1.234**.

4.2.2 Modem status page

Go to your web browser and put IP address **192.168.1.234**. You will be asked for username and password. By default it is:

Username: admin Password: 12345

If everything is configured correctly you should see following screen:

This is Status page of your modem. Here you can see if modem is connected/disconnected from net and its parameters and parameters of PPP connection.





In table below you can find the description of each field in "Device Status" tab:

Field	Example	Description
Model, firm. ver.	GMM: LE910-EUG (17.01.522)	GSM module info
IMEI	359852050093104	device serial number
PIN	READY	SIM card status
Operator Selection	0,0,Orange,2	name (3 parameter) and access technology (4 parameter) as below: for UMTS/HSPA+ variants: 0 - GSM 2 - UTRAN for LTE variant: 0 - GSM 1 - GSM Compact 2 - UTRAN 3 - GSM w/EGPRS 4 - UTRAN w/HSDPA 5 - UTRAN w/HSDPA 6 - UTRAN w/HSDPA and HSUPA 7 - E-UTRAN
Network Registration Status	2,1,E2D6,280BAD1,2	registration status (2 parameter), location area code (3 parameter), cell ID (4 parameter) possible statuses: 0 - not registered, terminal is not currently searching a new operator to register to 1 - registered, home network 2 - not registered, but terminal is currently searching a new operator to register to 3 - registered to 3 - registration denied 4 - unknown 5 - registered, roaming
Signal Strength (CSQ)	7 (Marginal, -99 dBm)	-
Packet Data Service	HSDPA	type of packet data service
GSM selection	MASTER	SIM card selection
GSM IP	10.228.211.212	-
RX	packets:12 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0 collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000	-
TX	packets:20 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0	-



4.2.3 Local network

On LAN configuration page you can find essential parameters needed for LAN connection. Here you can set IP Address (or set it to be downloaded via DHCP), mask, default gateway, DNS addresses. Last two options can be entered manually or downloaded automatically via GSM or DHCP. Modem can also work as DHCP server - you can define its range and set list of IP-MAC binds.

Device status Basic Local network GSM network Wfi network Connection control Ports configuration TO/IP forwarding VLAN Static routes Dynamic DNS Access control Advanced OpenPN IPsec static IPsec mobile IPsec authentication NZN CARP NTRIP Text messages actions E-mail actions GPIO DHCP server Backage and restore Discard changes Save settings Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, fimmware: 141223 teleorigin.com Networking Networking Networking Networking Networking Networking Nemual V LAN configuration Configuration Nanual V IPsec didress here Enter Mac address here Enter mask here Set MAC address Enter MAC address here Enter MAC address here IPsec authentication N2N CARP NTRIP Text messages actions E-mail actions GPIO DMS 1 DMCP server on LAN DHCP Server DINS 1 DHCP Server Enabled Set this option to enable DHCP server Range end IPs2:168.1:200 DNS defined DNS defined DNS defined DNS slave DHCP servers Bind MAC to IP Binds list Networking Wanual 141223 teleorigin.com Menual V Enter Mac address here Enter MAC address here Enter MAC address here Enter MAC address here Enter MAC address here Enter MAC address here E	TELEORIGO	RBMTX GPRS/HSP	A Router Configuration Panel
Device status Basic Local network GSM network Wfi network Connection control Ports configuration TO/IP forwarding VLAN Static routes Dynamic DNS Access control Advanced OpenVPN IPsec static IPsec mobile IPsec mo	.anwiONamed \$690K	Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-	
Wiff network Connection control Ports configuration TOP/IP forwarding VLAN Static routes Dynamic DNS Access control Advanced OpenVPN IPsec static IPsec mobile IPsec authentication NZN NTRIP Text messages actions E-mail actions GPIO Administration Time Syslog User files Configuration Backup and restore Discard changes Save settings LAN configuration Menual ▼ Manual ▼ IPaddress Ig2.168.1.1234 Enter IP address here Ig2.168.1.234 Enter IP address here Ig2.168.1.16 Enter MAC address here Ig2.168.1.11 Enter default WAN gateway Use DNS Auto via GSM ▼ IPSEC STATE CONTROLL IPSEC STATE INTO THE STATE CONTROLL IPSEC STATE CONTROLL IPSEC STATE INTO THE STATE CONTROLL IPSEC STATE INT	Basic	Networking	teleorigin.com
Connection control Ports configuration TCP/IP forwarding VLAN Static routes Dynamic DNS Access control Advanced OpenVPN IPsec static IPsec mobile IPsec authentication N2N CARP NTRIP Text messages actions E-mail actions GPIO Administration TIme Syslog User files Configuration Backup and restore Discard changes Save settings Configuration DNS defined Configuration		LAN configuration	
Ports configuration TCP/IP forwarding VLAN Static routes Dynamic DNS Access control Advanced OpenVPN IPsec static IPsec mobile IPsec authentication NZN CARP NTRIP Text messages actions E-mail actions GPIO Administration Time Syslog User files Configuration Backup and restore Discard changes Save settings IP Address I 192.168.1.234 Enter IP address here IPSES.255.255.0 Enter mask here Enabled Auto via GSM V Interview of effault WAN gateway Use DNS Auto via GSM V DNS 1 DNS 2 DHCP server on LAN DHCP Server Enabled Set this option to enable DHCP server DNS alone IP Address Enter IP address here Enabled Set HAC address here IPSES.255.255.0 Enter mask here Enabled Auto via GSM V DHS 1 DHS 1 DHS 2 DHCP server on LAN DHCP Server Enabled Set this option to enable DHCP server Range end IPSES.150. Enter MAC address here Enabled Set this option to enable DHCP server DNS defined Enabled Set this option to enable use custom DNS servers DNS master DNS slave DHCP server: Bind MAC to IP Binds list V	Connection control	Configuration	
Static routes Dynamic DNS Access control Advanced OpenVPN IPsec static IPsec mobile IPsec authentication N2N CARP NTRIP Text messages actions E-mail actions GPIO Administration Time Syslog User files Configuration Backup and restore Discard changes Save settings Mask 255,255,255,0 Enter mask here Enabled Manual MAC address	TCP/IP forwarding	IP Address	192.168.1.234
Access control Advanced OpenVPN IPsec static IPsec mobile IPsec authentication N2N CARP NTRIP Text messages actions E-mail actions GPIO User files Configuration Backup and restore Discard changes Save settings Set MAC address manually Manual MAC address Enter MAC address here Enter MAC address here Ipsec static Inter MAC address here Ipsec static Ipsec mobile Inter MAC address here Ipsec static Ipsec mobile Inter MAC address here Ipsec static Ipsec mobile Inter MAC address here Ipsec static Ipsec st	Static routes	Mask	
Psec static IPsec mobile IPsec authentication NZN CARP NTRIP Text messages actions E-mail actions GPIO Administration Time Syslog User files Configuration Backup and restore Discard changes Save settings PISS Q DHCP server DISS and part 192.168.1.100 Range end 192.168.1.200 DNS defined DNS defined Enabled Set this option to enable use custom DNS servers DNS slave DHCP server: Bind MAC to IP Binds list ▼ Indition MAC address here Auto via GSM ▼ I 192.168.1.1 Enter default WAN gateway Auto via GSM ▼ I 192.168.1.1 Enter default WAN gateway I 192.168.1.1 Enter default WAN gateway I 192.168.1.1 Enter default WAN gateway I 192.168.1.1 Enter MAC address here I 192.168.1.1 Enter default WAN gateway I 192.168.1.1 Enter MAC address here I 192.168.1.1 Enter default WAN gateway I 192.168.1.1 Enter default WAN gateway I 192.168.1.1 Enter MAC address here I 192.168.1.1 Enter default WAN gateway I 192.168.1.2 Enter default WAN gateway I 192.168.1.2 Enter default WAN	Access control		□ Enabled
IPsec authentication N2N CARP NTRIP Text messages actions E-mail actions GPIO Administration Time Syslog User files Configuration Backup and restore Discard changes Save settings DNS defined	IPsec static	Manual MAC address	Enter MAC address here
ORRP NTRIP Text messages actions E-mail actions GPIO Administration Time Syslog User files Configuration Backup and restore Discard changes Save settings DNS defined	IPsec authentication	Gateway	192.168.1.1
E-mail actions GPIO Administration Time Syslog User files Configuration Backup and restore Discard changes Save settings DHCP server on LAN DHCP Server Enabled Set this option to enable DHCP server Range end 192.168.1.100 Range end 192.168.1.200 DNS defined Enabled Set this option to enable use custom DNS servers DNS master DNS master DHCP server: Bind MAC to IP Binds list		Use DNS	
Administration Time Syslog User files Configuration Backup and restore Discard changes Save settings DHCP server on LAN DHCP Server Enabled Set this option to enable DHCP server Range start 192.168.1.100 Range end 192.168.1.200 DNS defined Enabled Set this option to enable use custom DNS servers DNS master DNS master DHCP server: Bind MAC to IP Binds list	E-mail actions		
Syslog User files Configuration Backup and restore Discard changes Save settings DNS defined DNS defined DNS defined DNS slave DHCP Server Enabled Set this option to enable DHCP server Range end 192.168.1.100 Enabled Set this option to enable use custom DNS servers DNS master DNS slave DHCP server: Bind MAC to IP Binds list	Administration	DHCP server on LAN	
Backup and restore Discard changes Save settings DNS defined Enabled Set this option to enable use custom DNS servers DNS master DNS slave DHCP server: Bind MAC to IP Binds list	Syslog	DHCP Server	
Discard changes Save settings DNS defined Enabled Set this option to enable use custom DNS servers DNS master DNS slave DHCP server: Bind MAC to IP Binds list	_	Range start	192.168.1.100
Set this option to enable use custom DNS servers DNS master DNS slave DHCP server: Bind MAC to IP Binds list			192.168.1.200
DNS slave DHCP server: Bind MAC to IP Binds list	Save settings	DNS defined	
DHCP server: Bind MAC to IP Binds list		DNS master	
Binds list ▼			
		DHCP server: Bind MAC	to IP
Please choose DHCP bind you would like to edit. Please note that		Binds list	New Delete



4.2.4 GSM network

On ISP Master page you can define internet connection parameters (APN, username, password, CSD, ISP IP and Modem band) for one or two SIM cards (depending on modem version). To use internet you should know those parameters - they are essential for getting access to internet. The parameters should be ensured by your mobile network provider. You can find them by contacting your GSM network provider or visiting its website.

TELEORIGIO a new 9004 trand of \$2.74		HSPA Router Configuration Pane	e! teleorigin.com
Device status Basic Local network	GSM connection	1	3
GSM network	SIM slot	Master	Slave
Wifi network	PIN	□ Enabled	□ Enabled
Connection control			
Ports configuration		Enter PIN here	Enter PIN here
TCP/IP forwarding	Predefined APN	enter manually ▼	enter manually ▼
VLAN	APN	internet	internet
Static routes		Enter APN here or select it from	Enter APN here or select it from
Dynamic DNS		above list	above list
Access control	CSD	Enabled	☐ Enabled
Advanced			
OpenVPN		Enter CSD here	Enter CSD here
IPsec static	Username		
IPsec mobile	-	Enter username here	Enter username here
IPsec authentication	Password	Enter password here	Enter password here
N2N	ISP IP		
CARP	15F 1F	□ Enabled	□ Enabled
NTRIP		Enter ISP IP here	Enter ISP IP here
Text messages actions	Modem band		2G and 3G ▼
E-mail actions	Piodelli ballu	2G and 3G ▼ Select modem band	Select modem band
GPIO	Connection	Always on ▼	Always on ▼
Administration	Commedian	Modem connect	Modem connect
Time		120	120
Syslog		Idle time before suspend (range 0-	Idle time before suspend (range 0-
User files		86400 sec)	86400 sec)
Configuration			
Backup and restore			
Discard changes			
Save settings			

To enter the PIN for SIM card you need to mark "Enable" field and then fill the field below with correct PIN. Outgoing calls are made always on MASTER SIM card.



4.2.5 WiFi network

"WiFi network" tab is available only in RBMTX with WiFi option. In this menu you can set parameters of your WiFi connection. To scan all available networks please use "Scanning" button. You will redirect to a page with a list of networks. You can set a WiFi mode (Access point or Station), fill a name and password of selected network. You can also enable DHCP server and AP clients.

TELECRICIO a new VOM trand di 🔮 SPIO	100	A Router Configuration Panel		
Device status Basic Local network	Wireless teleorigin.com			
GSM network	Wifi scanner	Scanning		
Wifi network Connection control	Mode	Disabled ▼		
Ports configuration TCP/IP forwarding	Name (SSID)			
VLAN	Channel	1		
Static routes Dynamic DNS	Security options	WPA/WPA2-PSK ▼		
Access control	Passphrase			
Advanced OpenVPN	DHCP LAN server for WIFI dient			
OpenVPN IPsec static IPsec mobile IPsec authentication	DHCP Server	Enabled Set this option to enable DHCP server This is The same settings as the LAN Noted: If DHCP server not enabled your WIFI clients can not get automatically IP address		
N2N CARP	Range start	192,168,1,100		
NTRIP	Range end	192,168.1.200		
Text messages actions E-mail actions	Allowed WIFI AP clients			
GPIO GPIO	Enable client filtering by MAC address	□ Enabled		
Administration Time Syslog User files Configuration Backup and restore Discard changes Save settings	Allowed MACs list	New Delete Please choose allowed MAC you would like to edit. Please note that after editing allowed MACs you have to save global settings.		
	Identifier	Please enter any name/identifier		
	MAC			



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4.2.6 Connection control

Here you can set parameters of switching between two SIM cards. You can define time for ping and ping counter for 4 IP addresses you choose. In example (picture) here after 3 pings that take 10 seconds each card will change from Master to Slave or opposite.

RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel

_ a new NOM brand of 😝E	Modem HE910, 2 SIM	1, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223 teleorigin.com
Device status Basic Local network	GSM switching	
GSM network Wifi network	GSM connection co	nntrol
Connection control	Limits	10 Enter ping timeout in seconds (1-1000)
Ports configuration TCP/IP forwarding VLAN	************	3 Enter ping count (1-3600)
Static routes Dynamic DNS		600 Enter ping interval in seconds (1-86400)
Access control Advanced	IP 1	EnabledSet this option to enable ping testing IP 1
OpenVPN IPsec static IPsec mobile		Enter IP address
IPsec mobile IPsec authentication N2N CARP	IP 2	Enabled Set this option to enable ping testing IP 2
NTRIP		Enter IP address
Text messages actions E-mail actions GPIO	IP 3	Enabled Set this option to enable ping testing IP 3
Administration		Enter IP address
Time Syslog User files	IP 4	Enabled Set this option to enable ping testing IP 4
Configuration Backup and restore Discard changes	<u>u</u>	Enter IP address
Save settings		



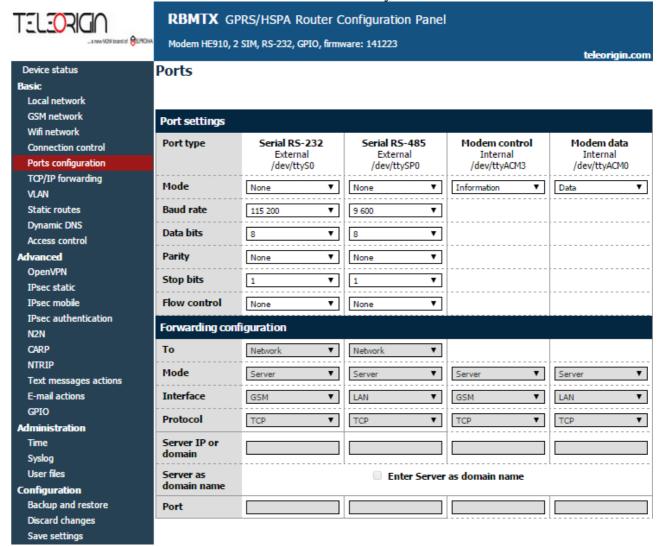
4.2.7 Ports configuration

You are able to set port settings under RS232/RS485 Port page. There are 3 configurable ports: /dev/ttyS0, /dev/ttyACM0 and /dev/ttyS1 or /dev/ttyUSB0 (depending on modem version).

Every port can be set to different mode. On /dev/ttyS0 you can set terminal, ModBus gateway or NTRIP mode. Two other ports can work as modem port (modem control and modem data) or SMS receiving port (see also: SMS Actions section).

Every port can also be set to forwarding mode that allows user to forward it to TCP/UDP port (as server or client). Port /dev/ttyS0 can also be forwarded to modem control or modem data port-in that case no other mode can be set on that port.

Setting certain modes on /dev/ttyS0 and /dev/ttyS1 (LTE modem variant only) enables setting port parameters: baud rate, data bits, parity checking and protocol. If parameter is inactive that means that user can't control it in currently set mode.





We're talking M2M language...

4.2.8 TCP/IP forwarding

You can forward single port or port ranges onto certain IP address To add new rule for single port, enter TCP/IP Forwarding tab. In Single port rules section click button New and enter all necessary information: identifier, check Enabled field, enter external and internal port, choose protocol (TCP or UDP) and enter IP address. When adding new rule or switching tab, currently edited rule is automatically saved. You can delete it (or any other rule) by pressing Delete button. After changes click Save Settings to save whole configuration. You can edit port range rules in the same way in Port range rules section. You can also set IP address of demilitarized zone in DMZ section.



RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel

Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223

teleorigin.com

Device status Basic Local network	TCP/IP forward	ding				
GSM network	Single port rules					
Wifi network Connection control	Rules list	▼				
Ports configuration		New Delete				
TCP/IP forwarding VLAN		Please choose a rule you would like to edit. Please note that after editing rules you have to save global settings.				
Static routes		cutting rules you have to save global sectings				
Dynamic DNS	Identifier	Please enter any name/identifier				
Access control	Enable rule	□ Enabled				
Advanced		Set this option to enable this rule				
OpenVPN		(3 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -				
IPsec static	External port					
IPsec mobile	Internal port					
IPsec authentication	Protocol	▼				
N2N		*				
CARP	IP address					
NTRIP	Port range rules					
Text messages actions						
E-mail actions	Rules list	▼				
GPIO CONTRACTOR CONTRA	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	New Delete				
Administration Time		Please choose a rule you would like to edit. Please note that after editing rules you have to save global settings.				
Syslog User files	Identifier	Please enter any name/identifier				
Configuration Backup and restore	Enable rule	Enabled Set this option to enable this rule				
Discard changes Save settings	First port					
	Last port					



4.2.9 VLAN

VLAN tab enables user to create virtual IP addresses. You can define IP, netmask and identifier from range 0-4095. If you enable IEEE 802.1Q tagging Virtual IP becomes part of VLAN.



RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel

Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223

teleorigin.com

Device status
Basic
Local network
GSM network
Wifi network
Connection control
Ports configuration
TCP/IP forwarding
VLAN
Static routes
Dynamic DNS
Access control
Advanced
OpenVPN
IPsec static
IPsec mobile
IPsec authentication
N2N
CARP
NTRIP
Text messages actions
E-mail actions
GPIO GPIO
Administration
Time
Syslog
User files
Configuration
Backup and restore
Discard changes

VLAN/Virtual	IP	conf	igura	tion

VLAN VIRTUAL IP IIST	_			
	New	Delete		
	Please choose VLAN you would like to edit. Please note that after editing those things you have to save global settings.			
Enable VLAN	Enabled Set this option to enable	this VLAN		
Description	Please enter VLAN descr	iption.		
IEEE 802.1Q tagging	Enabled Set this option to enable	IEEE 802.1Q tagg	ing	
Identifier	Please enter number fro	m range 0-4095.		
IP				
Accept domain name	Enable accepting	domain name ins	tead of IP address	
Netmask				

Save settings

4.2.10 Static routes

Under static routes tab you can define your own routings. Please click Add new button to add new routing. Enter identifier (used only to distinguish routings in www configuration), choose interface, enter destination network, netmask and gateway.



RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel

Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223

Static routes

teleorigin.com

Device status Local network **GSM** network Wifi network Connection control Ports configuration TCP/IP forwarding VLAN Static routes Dynamic DNS Access control Advanced OpenVPN **IPsec static** IPsec mobile IPsec authentication N2N CARP NTRIP

Text messages actions

Backup and restore Discard changes Save settings

E-mail actions

GPIO Administration Time Syslog User files Configuration

Static routes list	•	
	New	Delete
	Please choose a route y editing routes you have	ou would like to edit. Please note that after to save global settings.
Identifier	Please enter any name/	dentifier/IP
Interface		
Destination network		
Destination netmask		
Gateway		

4.2.11 Dynamic DNS

Dynamic DNS is a service which allows user to make your device available under specific www address regardless of its IP changes. In order to do that you must create an account on one of web pages that are supported by MTX modem (currently DynDNS.org or No-IP.com). After creating account, please enter necessary information in Dynamic DNS tab of www configuration: your service provider, in case of DynDNS its type, username, password, host name and two intervals. Update interval is time between two checks whether IP address had changed. Forced update interval is time between updating IP data regardless of IP change. Please last two fields empty to use default value if you're not sure what to input there.



RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel

Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223

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Device status Rasir Local network **GSM** network Wifi network Connection control Ports configuration TCP/IP forwarding VLAN Static routes **Dynamic DNS** Access control Advanced OpenVPN **IPsec static** IPsec mobile IPsec authentication N2N CARP NTRIP Text messages actions E-mail actions **GPIO** Administration Time Syslog User files Configuration Backup and restore Discard changes

Dynamic	DNS
---------	-----

DDNS service	Disabled ▼ Note that DDNS can only work on devices with public IP.
DynDNS type	Custom
Username	Enter username
Password	Enter password
Hostname	Enter hostname
Update interval (sec)	IP change check interval. Default: 1 min. Max: 10 days Leave this field empty to use default value
Force update interval (sec)	Forced DDNS server update interval. Default: 1 week Leave this field empty to use default value

Save settings



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4.2.12 Access control

First section of Access Control tab allows you to configure SSH protocol. You can turn it on or off, set on which port and interfaces (also OpenVPN and IPsec tunnels) it should be accessible. You can also toggle logging via SSH as root and change/delete passwords/keys for root and service user. Remember to save whole configuration after changing password by pressing Save Configuration button from main menu. Deleting password means that it won't be needed to log on. When logging via SSH, key authentication has higher priority than password. That means that user with authorized key won't be prompted for a password and user without key will be able to login using password. You can paste multiple keys into SSH root key and SSH service key fields.

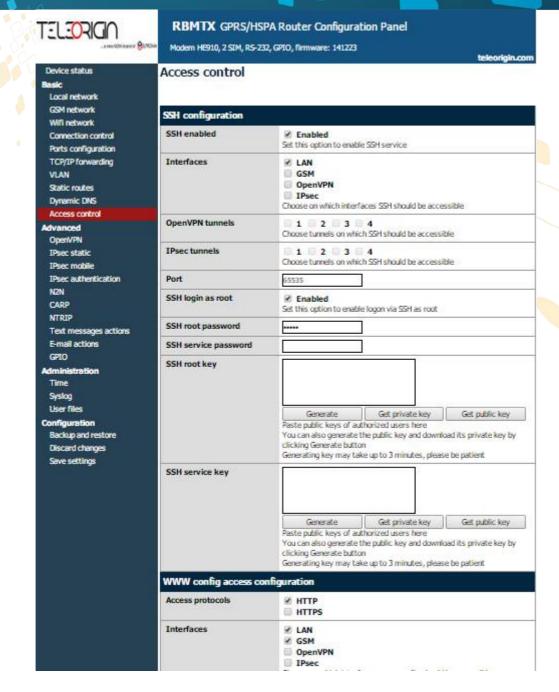
ATTENTION: Service account is used to upgrade firmware. Turning SSH off will disable firmware upgrades.

You can generate necessary keys directly on modem. Press the Generate button and wait for a while-the process can take few minutes. You should not change settings or switch tabs then. After the generation the message will be displayed. Public key will be automatically pasted into the keys field (if the field wasn't empty before pressing the button, its contents will be saved, the newly generated key will appear first on the list). From now you will be able to download private and public keys by pressing Get private key and Get public key buttons. To login using the key under Linux, you have to download private key, change its name to id_rsa and put it in /home/user/.ssh folder.

In WWW config access section you can toggle HTTP/HTTPS access www configuration and change ports and interfaces (OpenVPN and IPsec tunnels also) on which they will be available. You can also change password for www configuration (the change will be immediate, no saving configuration is needed). For security reasons disabling both HTTP and HTTPS is not possible.











We're talking M2M language...

4.2.13 Open VPN

You can connect your modem to a VPN network or create your own one using OpenVPN software. It is possible to create up to four VPN connections (tunnels). To view and change settings of any of tunnels select it from Tunnel configuration list under OpenVPN tab. Then choose if modem should be server or client and connection type: tun or tap. Tun connection can be single- or multiclient. Depending on what you choose here, you will later need to enter client/server IP addresses or network and netmask.

If the device should be server, please enter port on which it should listen for connections (the default VPN port is 1194, remember to open the port you chose under the firewall tab). Next, please select network device on which the connection should be held: eth (external RJ45 port) or ppp (connection via mobile network). It is also necessary to choose network protocol: TCP or UDP (use the second option if you are not sure what to choose). For tun mode user should also enter server and client IPs

(we advise you to use addresses from 10.x.x.x pool). For tap mode please enter VPN sub network address and net mask (for example 10.1.0.0 and 255.255.255.0). In most cases, your device will reserve first IP address from the pool (that is 10.1.0.1 if you are using 10.1.0.0 network).

If the device is set into client mode, in addition to settings same as those for server, you should input VPN server's IP in Remote Server IP field and its listening port in the Port field.

After filling in all necessary information user should fill in four certificate fields. The certificates should be generated on any PC (see VPN online help for more information). The contents of files should be pasted into appropriate fields of configuration. You can improve security of your VPN connection by entering TLS key into the TLS key field on every device in VPN network.

The last setting is toggling LZO compression (we advise you to enable it to improve network communication) and adding extra configuration parameters in Additional configuration field.







RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel

Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223

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Device status OpenVPN tunnels Basic Local network **GSM** network Tunnel configuration openVPN tunnel 1 ▼ Wifi network Please select VPN tunnel you would like to configure Connection control OpenVPN mode Disabled Ports configuration TCP/IP forwarding Connection mode Router (TUN) singl ▼ VLAN Remote Server IP or Static routes domain **Dynamic DNS** Remote Server as Enter Remote Server as domain name Access control domain name Advanced VPN device LAN . OpenVPN IPsec static NAT-T Enable NAT Traversal (NAT-T) IPsec mobile Set this option to enable the use of NAT-T (i.e. the encapsulation of ESP in UDP packets) if needed, which can help with clients that are **IPsec authentication** behind restrictive firewalls. N2N Port CARP NTRIP Protocol TCP • Text messages actions Network E-mail actions **GPIO** Netmask Administration Server IP Time Syslog Client IP User files CA cert Configuration Backup and restore Discard changes Save settings Server/client cert





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4.2.14 Ipsec static/Ipsec mobile

IPsec is group of internet protocols that enables user to create safe connection between devices. To configure such connection on MTX modem you need to go through three tabs of configuration: Tunnels, Mobile Clients, Keys and Certificates. First of all, you need to enable IPsec under Tunnels tab. Below this option there is a combo box that enables you to switch between different tunnel configurations. If you want to enable specific tunnel, please select Enable tunnel checkbox. Then specify network interface on which the connection will be held. It is impossible to discuss all ways to create IPsec connection, so we have described sample configuration below.

Let's say we want to connect two MTX modems with following IP numbers: 123.45.67.1, 123.45.67.2. First option, DPD interval is time after which the connection is closed if the other device is not responding. You can put any value here, we will enter 3600 seconds. Then you have to choose local subnet that will be available on remote side of the connection. It can be single host, network or LAN subnet. Let's say we will be connecting more devices later so we choose network. On first modem we enter following settings: IP=192.168.36.1, Network=192.168.36.0 and Netmask=255.255.255.0. The IP must be set properly according to the network and netmask. Next step is entering remote subnet. The local subnet on first device must match remote subnet on the second device and vice versa. We have specified local subnet on second modem with following settings: IP=192.168.35.1, Network=192.168.35.0, Netmask=255.255.255.0, so on the first modem we enter following remote subnet: Address=192.168.35.0, Netmask=255.255.255.0. After specifying local and remote subnets, you should enter remote gateway which should be other device's IP. In our case we enter 123.45.67.2 on first modem and 123.45.67.1 on second one.

Afterwards we have to define first phase of the proposal. We choose negotiation mode-aggressive is les secure, but faster than main. Next setting is device's identifier. The most common setting is My IP address for PSK authentication and RSA Cert subject for RSA certificates. Now, please choose encryption, hash algorithm and DH key group-they must be the same on both sides of connection. Blowfish encryption is usually the fastest and AES is the slowest but most secure. You can optionally set lifetime of phase 1 or leave the field blank to use default value. The most important setting of phase 1 is choosing authentication method: Pre-shared key is like password, you have to enter the same key on both sides. More sophisticated authentication method is using RSA certificates, but you need to generate certificate and key for every device. You have two options here: either input other device's certificate in Peer certificate field or add CA certificate (we will cover that topic later).



We're talking M2M language...

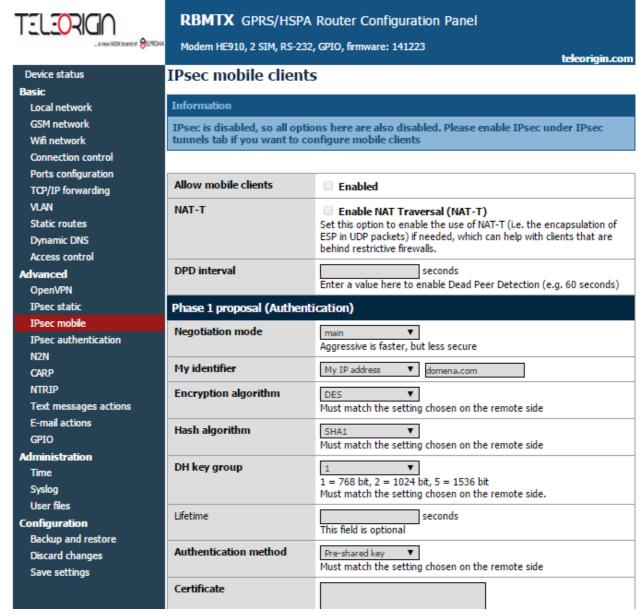
TELERIGIA	25	PA Router Configuration Panel 232, GPIO, firmware: 141223			
	Modelli NESTO, 2 SIM, NS-	zsz, GP10, firmware: 141223 teleorigin.com			
Device status Basic Local network	IPsec tunnels				
GSM network	Enable IPsec	☐ Enabled			
Wifi network Connection control Ports configuration	Tunnel configuration	IPsec tunnel 1 ▼ Please select IPsec tunnel you would like to configure			
TCP/IP forwarding	Enable tunnel	☐ Enabled			
VLAN Static routes	Interface	LAN V			
Dynamic DNS Access control Advanced	NAT-T	Enable NAT Traversal (NAT-T) Set this option to enable the use of NAT-T (i.e. the encapsulation of ESP in UDP packets) if needed, which can help with clients that are behind restrictive firewalls.			
OpenVPN IPsec static	DPD interval	seconds Enter a value here to enable Dead Peer Detection (e.g. 60 seconds)			
IPsec mobile IPsec authentication	Local subnet				
N2N	Туре	Network ▼			
CARP	IP				
NTRIP Text messages actions	Network				
E-mail actions	Netmask				
GPIO Administration	Remote subnet				
Time	Address				
Syslog					
User files	Netmask				
Configuration Backup and restore Discard changes	Remote gateway	Enter the public IP address or host name of the remote gateway			
	Phase 1 proposal (Autho	entication)			
Save settings	Negotiation mode	aggressive Aggressive is factor, but less secure			

In the second phase of proposal please specify the protocol (ESP is authentication with encryption, AH is authentication only), encryption algorithm, hash algorithm and PFS key group. Please note that you can choose multiple algorithms, but at least one should match on both sides of the connection. The last setting is phase 2 lifetime (leave field empty for using default value).



After configuring all settings remember to save configuration. The configuration of IPsec connection is finished unless you chose to authenticate with RSA certificates and CA certificate. In that case click on Keys and Certificates tab. Here you can add multiple Preshared keys and CA certificates. Adding both is similar, so we will explain only adding CA certificates. To add new one, please click on Add new button. Specify Identifier (which is used only for distinguish them in www configuration), paste CA certificate and certificate revoke list. Last field is optional and lets you ban users that shouldn't be allowed to join your network anymore.

IMPORTANT: After filling in fields click Save button and then save whole configuration by clicking Save settings. If you want to delete certificate, choose it from the list, click Delete button and then save whole configuration.





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It is possible to create IPsec connection with non-static-IP-devices. In order to do this please click Mobile clients tab. Configuration is similar to the tunnel configuration, but there are less settings (for example there is no PSK field-you should add pre-shared keys for mobile clients in Keys and Certificates tab).

IMPORTANT: When configuring IPsec connection you will sometimes want to add custom routing. This topic is covered in next section.



4.2.15 Generating SSL certificates

In order to use SSL authentication creating few files and copying them into adequate fields under OpenVPN or IPsec tabs of www configuration is needed. This can be done using PC with Linux and openssl installed. There is also Windows version of software available at http://gnuwin32.sourceforge.net/packages/openssl.htm.

At first we need to create folder, in which all our keys and certificates will be stored. Let's say it will be \sim /keys. We create two files in it: list of certificates and file enumerating them:

touch index.txt

echo 00 > serial

and subdirectories, where the certificates and keys will be stored:

mkdir private certs newcerts crl

In order to create certificates, the certificate authority (CA) is needed. It is "main" certificate used to create other certificates. After creating private CA key:

openssl genrsa -des3 -out private/cakey.pem 1024

Warning: please remember the CA password!

The CA certificate is generated:

openssl reg -new -x509 -days 365 -key private/cakey.pem -out cacert.pem

When creating a certificate user has to provide some information like country, state/province, city, company name, e-mail address and common name. The last field is most important, it has to be unique for every device.

After creating CA certificate generation of certificate for every device used is needed.

At first the private key is generated:

openssl genrsa -des3 -out private/device1key.pem

Then we generate certificate request:

openssl reg -new -key private/device1key.pem -out device1reg.pem

Here user has to enter country, state etc. again. They can be the same as before except the common name.

Certificate authority signs the certificate:

openssl ca -notext -in device1req.pem -out device1cert.pem

If certificate will be used on MTX modem, password on private key has to be disabled:

openssl rsa -in private/device1key.pem -out private/device1key.pem nopass

The whole process is repeated for every device (unique common names and filenames have to be unique for different devices!).

If IPsec protocol will be used, certain fields in www configuration under Ipsec/Tunnels tab have to be filled in. Content of <code>device1cert.pem</code> file should be pasted into the Certificate field and contents of <code>device1key.pem_nopass</code> into the Key field. Peer Certificate field can be filled with another device's certificate file or left empty. In this case the CA certificate has to be provided under Keys and Certificates tab. Contents of <code>cacert.pem</code> file should be inserted there.

If the OpenVPN protocol will be used, under OpenVPN tab content of *cacert.pem* has to be pasted into CA cert field, content of *device1cert.pem* into Server/Client cert field and *device1key.pem_nopass* into Server/Client private key field. The Diffie- Hellman parameters file has to be created for VPN connection:



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openssl dhparam -out dh1024.pem 1024
And its content should be copied into DH PEM field. This file is common for all devices in VPN network.

TELECRICA now Wild band of 🔮		SPA Router Configurat 5-232, GPIO, firmware: 14122:		
Device status Basic Local network	Keys & Certificat	res		teleorigin.con
GSM network	Pre-shared keys (PSKs	i)		
Wifi network Connection control	Key list	•		
Ports configuration TCP/IP forwarding VLAN		New Please choose a key yo editing keys you have t	Delete u would like to edit. Plea o save global settings.	se note that after
Static routes Dynamic DNS Access control	Identifier	This can be either an If mail address.	P address, fully qualified	domain name or an e-
Advanced	Pre-shared key			
OpenVPN IPsec static	Certificate Authoritity	certificates (CA certs)		
IPsec mobile	CA certificates list			
IPsec authentication N2N CARP			Delete cate you would like to ed s you have to save globa	
NTRIP Text messages actions	Identifier	Please enter any name	/identifier	
E-mail actions GPIO	CA certificate			
Administration Time Syslog	-:			
User files	Certificate revoke list			
Configuration Backup and restore Discard changes				
Save settings				



4.2.16 N2N

N2N is application that enables user to create secure subnetworks like OpenVPN and IPsec, but it is based on P2P connections. User can configure modem to host N2N server (just enable the option and choose port on which it will be available) and up to four tunnels. To configure tunnel choose N2N IP address, local and remote port, netmask and remote IP address. You have to input community name and key (all members of N2N network should have same community name and key. Rest of parameters should be used only by experienced

T=1 =02 **RBMTX** GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223 Device status N2N Basic Local network **GSM** network Supernode (N2N server) Wifi network Supernode enabled Enabled Connection control Ports configuration Port TCP/IP forwarding N2N tunnels VLAN Static routes **Tunnel configuration** N2N tunnel 1 • Dynamic DNS Enabled Enabled Access control Advanced N2N IP OpenVPN Enter N2N IP address **IPsec static** N2N port IPsec mobile Enter local port number IPsec authentication Remote IP N2N Enter supernode IP address CARP Remote port NTRIP Enter supernode port Text messages actions Netmask E-mail actions Enter N2N network's netmask **GPIO** Administration Community name Enter N2N network's name Time Syslog Tunnel MAC User files Enter N2N adapter's MAC address (optional) Configuration Tunnel MTU Backup and restore Enter N2N adapter's MTU (optional) Discard changes Packet forwarding Enabled Save settings Enable packet forwarding through N2N community



Enabled

HTTP tunneling

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4.2.17 CARP

CARP is a network protocol that allows many devices to be connected into redundancy group which will be available as one device on chosen network address. For example you can choose devices that have IPs 192.168.1.2 and 192.168.1.3 to be available on 192.168.1.115. If one device will stop working, the other one will serve users at shared address. Device that is currently active on shared address is called master and other devices are called backup.

If you want to configure CARP, please choose network interface on which CARP client will be available and choose group identifier that will be same on all devices in group-it has to be number from 1 to 255. Enter virtual shared IP address. Advertisement frequency and skew regulate how often devices will be contacting each other. Remember to define up script and down script that will set/delete routings when becoming master/backup.

TELECRICAL Stand of \$60	RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223 teleorigin.com					
Device status Basic Local network	CARP					
GSM network Wifi network	CARP groups list	•				
Connection control Ports configuration TCP/IP forwarding		New Please choose group you editing rules you have to	Delete would like to edit. Please note that after save global settings.			
VLAN Static routes	Identifier	Please enter any name/io	dentifier/IP			
Dynamic DNS	Interface	•				
Access control Advanced OpenVPN	Virtual IP identifier	Please enter value between 1 and 255. Value must be same on all devices in group. All groups in network must have unique values.				
IPsec static	Password					
IPsec mobile IPsec authentication N2N	Become preferred master	Enabled This option will set the de	evice to become master as soon as possible.			
CARP NTRIP	Neutral mode	Don't run downscript at s	start if backup.			
Text messages actions E-mail actions	Virtual shared IP address					
GPIO Administration Time	Advertisement frequency	Interval in seconds that a between 0 and 255.	advertisements will occur. Please enter value			
Syslog User files	Advertisement skew	Please enter value betwe	een 0 and 255.			
Configuration Backup and restore Discard changes Save settings	Up script					
Save security			ed when becoming master. r valid virtual shared IP address.			



4.2.18 NTRIP configuration page

One of /dev/ttyS0 port modes is communication with external device using NTRIP protocol. If you decide to use it, it is necessary to set the mode under RS232 Port configuration page. Then, enter settings in NTRIP page. Server address, port and initial position fields are necessary. Username and passwords are optional.

It is also possible to choose data request mode. After entering required data, please click Get List button to download data streams list from the server – it may take a while, please be patient. After downloading the list please select one of data streams.

Attention: Entering initial position is necessary to login to NTRIP server if no external device sending NMEA frames is connected to the S0 port.

TELECRICAL		SPA Router Configuration Panel -232, GPIO, firmware: 141223 teleorigin.com
Device status Basic Local network	NTRIP	tereorigin.com
GSM network Wifi network	NTRIP	Enabled Set this option to enable NTRIP service
Connection control Ports configuration	Server address	
TCP/IP forwarding	Port	
VLAN	Username	
Static routes Dynamic DNS	Password	
Access control Advanced OpenVPN IPsec static	Initial position	Enabled Set this option to enable login to NTRIP server with fixed position. Use this option when there is no external source of NMEA frames connected via RS232.
IPsec mobile	Latitude	N ▼ 52 ° 0 '• 0
IPsec authentication N2N	Longitude	W ▼ 22 ° 0 '. 0
CARP	Data request mode	NTRIP Version 2.0 Caster in TCP/IP mode ▼
NTRIP Text messages actions	Mountpoint	▼ Get List



4.2.19 SMS Actions

SMS Actions tab allows user to define shell scripts that will be executed every time modem receives SMS with specified content.

To enable this option ensure that global SMS Actions checkbox is enabled and you have set one of available ports into SMS receiving mode under Ports configuration tab. Then click New button, enter any identifier and command-sms content that will trigger action. You can write any shell script you want and/or set GPIO action to be executed.



RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel

Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223

teleorigin.com Device status Text messages actions Basic Local network **GSM** network Text messages (SMS) server Wifi network Incoming text messages (SMS) Connection control Sent text messages (SMS) Management Ports configuration Report text messages (SMS) Help TCP/IP forwarding VLAN Text messages (SMS) configuration Static routes Enabled Enabled **Dynamic DNS** Access control Text messages (SMS) actions Advanced Text messages (SMS) SMSback my IP OpenVPN actions list **IPsec static** Delete **IPsec** mobile Please choose action you would like to edit. Please note that after IPsec authentication editing rules you have to save global settings. N2N SMSback my IP Identifier CARP Please enter any identifier NTRIP Text messages actions Command Please enter command (content of text message) E-mail actions Script **GPIO** #!/bin/bash Administration smssend.sh \$1 "GSM IP: Time \$(myip gsm); LAN IP: Syslog This script will be executed after receiving text message (SMS) User files command Configuration Backup and restore Event action on pin(s) number Discard changes 11 12 13 14 Save settings



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4.2.20 GPIO

Settings under GPIO tab in www configuration enable user to configure external input and output GPIO ports. When switching tab to GPIO current pin states is read automatically into eight fields in upper section of the webpage. In whole configuration the following convention is used: the unchecked field represents low state and checked field represents high state. Successful read of GPIO pins states is indicated by "OK" status. In case of error "ERROR!" is displayed. If pins state update is needed, please click Refresh button.

To set initial states of output pins use checkboxes 11,12,13 and 14. They are set when the modem is powered up and when the GPIO configuration is changed and saved.

Section GPIO events allows user to create unlimited number of events on which the state of output pins will be changed. In order to create a new event, click New button and then fill out all necessary fields. The identifier is used to distinguish events. It can be any character string. The event type determines if an event is executed only once (One time) or with determined frequency (Regular). In case of one time event enter UTC date and time of the event. Make sure that real time clock is set correctly on the device. In case of regular event specify time interval between two [consecutive] event executions. Finally choose pin or pins used for the event and what action should be taken (setting high state, setting low state or switching states). Let's assume pins 11,13 was selected and action set to "Set HIGH state". As result at entered time of the event high state will be set on pins 11,13 and on pins 12,14 no action will be taken (previous state will be preserved). An event execution can be also directly tested by clicking Test (current GPIO states will be refreshed automatically).

There is also a possibility to manually operate GPIO pins using HTTP GET <device ip>/actions/gpio action.php request. The following parameters can be used:

Parameter	Accepted values
cmd	readall, read, write
pins	Any combination of pins 7-14 separated by commas
state	H, L, I, S (high, low, input, switch states)

The readall command requires no additional parameters. However, read and write requires setting pins parameter. write requires setting state parameter. Please keep in mind that you are not able to set state on input pins. Parameters should be provided in webpage address after '?' character typical for complex GET requests. Parameter and its values are separated with = character, i.e. "parameter=value". Each pair of parameter and value are separated from another with & character (see examples).



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RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel

Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223

teleorigin.com

- No. 75 W		ucieorigii.com				
Device status Basic Local network	GPIO					
GSM network Wifi network Connection control	Read current GPIO states	7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 OK Refresh				
Ports configuration TCP/IP forwarding VLAN Static routes	Initial states	11 12 13 14 These are initial states of GPIO pins that are set after the modem is powered on. Checked checkbox means HIGH state, unchecked means LOW state.				
Dynamic DNS Access control	GPIO events					
Access control	GPIO events list					
OpenVPN IPsec static IPsec mobile		New Delete Update/Add Please choose event you would like to edit. Please note that after editing rules you have to save global settings.				
IPsec authentication N2N	Identifier	Please enter any identifier				
CARP NTRIP	Event type					
Text messages actions	Repeat every:					
E-mail actions	Days:H:M:S					
GPIO Administration	Repeat every	Please enter UTC date/time				
Time	Y/M/D					
Syslog User files	H:M:S					
Configuration Backup and restore Discard changes Save settings	Event action	on pin(s) number 11 12 13 14 Test				

Examples of usage are shown below.

Prints current state of all ports:

192.168.1.234/actions/gpio_action.php?cmd=readall

Prints current state of physical output number 14:

192.168.1.234/actions/gpio_action.php?cmd=read&pins=14

Sets low state on physical outputs number 11 and 12 (On successful execution no text is printed):

192.168.1.234/actions/gpio_action.php?cmd=write&pins=11,12&state=L



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4.2.21 CAN

If you have modem with CAN interface you can configure it under CAN tab. You can set the baudrate and set forwarding CAN frames to TCP using slcanpty or socketcand.

\$ ELPROMA	4	HSPA Router Configuration Panel 5-232, GPIO, CAN, firmware: 130724 www.m2mgsm.com
Device status Basic Local network	CAN	
GSM network Connection control Ports configuration	CAN bitrate User bitrate	1.0kbit
TCP/IP forwarding	Forwarding with sica	inpty
Static routes	Service enabled	■ Enabled
Dynamic DNS Access control	Interface	IAN
Advanced	Connection mode	Client
OpenVPN IPsec static IPsec mobile	IP address	Please enter destination IP address
IPsec authentication N2N	Port	Please enter port number
САНР	Forwarding with soc	ketcand
NTRIP SMS Actions	Service enabled	S Enabled
GPI0	Interface	LAN
CAN Administration Time	Port	1234 Please enter port number
Sysing User files		
Configuration Backup and restore Discard changes Save settings		

4.2.22 Time

Here you can manually set hardware clock or input IP of NTP server to synchronize time automatically

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RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel

Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223

teleorigin.com

		teleorigin.com
Device status	NTP	
Basic		
Local network		
GSM network	RTC time (UTC)	2014-12-23 02:24:43
Wifi network		
Connection control	NTP Peer 1 prefered	□ Enabled
Ports configuration	server	Set this option to enable peer 1 server querying
TCP/IP forwarding		***************************************
VLAN Static routes		Enter IP address NTP server
Dynamic DNS		
Access control	Server as domain name	Enter NTP Server as domain name
Advanced		
OpenVPN	NTP Peer 2 server	□ Enabled
IPsec static		Set this option to enable peer 2 server querying
IPsec mobile	***************************************	
IPsec authentication		Enter IP address NTP server
N2N	***************************************	
CARP	Server as domain name	Enter NTP Server as domain name
NTRIP	MINOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P	CONTROL Protection
Text messages actions	NTP Peer 3 server	□ Enabled
E-mail actions		Set this option to enable peer 3 server querying
GPIO GPIO		
Administration		Enter IP address NTP server
Time	***************************************	
Syslog	Server as domain name	Enter NTP Server as domain name
User files	D-t- (V/M/D)	
Configuration Backup and restore	Date (Y/M/D)	2014 12 23
Discard changes	Time (h:m:s)	2 24 28
Save settings	,	
Save sectings	Set date/time	Set
	observation of the second	Please enter date/time below and press Set button



SYSLOG

4.2.23 **Syslog**

Here you can define how modem should save your logs. Modem has internal memory that get overwritten when it reaches its end. You can also save logs on your computer by clicking download (manually). It is also possible to get remote access to logs by enabling Remote service and setting SYSLOG host.



RBMTX GPRS/HSPA Router Configuration Panel

Modem HE910, 2 SIM, RS-232, GPIO, firmware: 141223

teleorigin.com

Device status Basic Local network **GSM** network Wifi network Connection control Ports configuration TCP/IP forwarding VLAN Static routes Dynamic DNS Access control Advanced OpenVPN **IPsec static** IPsec mobile IPsec authentication N2N CARP NTRIP Text messages actions

E-mail actions **GPIO Administration** Time Syslog User files Configuration

> Backup and restore Discard changes Save settings

Local service log	View	Download		
Remote service	Enabled If this option is set, device will store system logs on remote host			
SYSLOG host	Enter SYSLOG host I	P address here		
SYSLOG host as domain	Enter SYSLOG	host as <mark>d</mark> omain name		



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4.2.24 User files

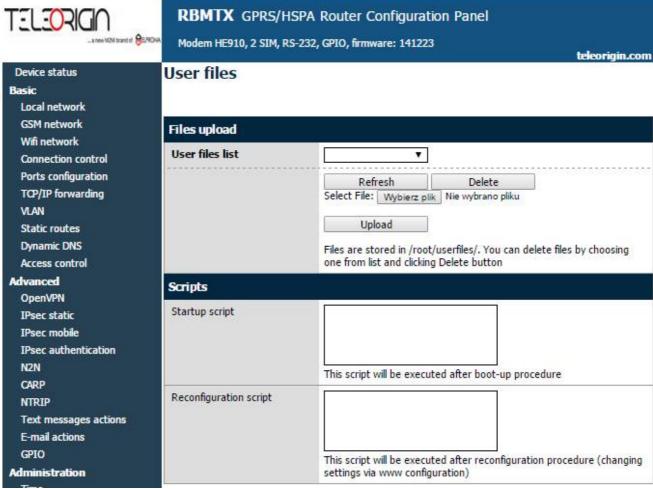
You can upload to the modem your own scripts and executable files and set them to be used in certain situations (e.x. when the VPN connection is established or at modem startup). Under User files tab there is a list of user files. It is refreshed automatically after selecting tab, it can be also manually refreshed by pressing Refresh button. To delete file, select it from the list and press Delete button. To upload file, click Upload new button. You will be redirected to separate site. Choose file by pressing Browse... button and commit your choice by clicking Upload. After upload you will be informed if the whole operation was successful or the error message will be displayed. Use link to return to the main page of www configuration. All files are stored with rights for file execution, so they can be used in scripts.

Below the file upload panel there are two fields, where you can write scripts. Startup script will be executed after startup procedure of modem and Reconfiguration script every time you click Save Configuration button in www configuration. You can write your scripts in Bash or PHP, but remember to use special header for scripts ((#!/bin/bash lub #!/usr/bin/php). You can execute uploaded user files, they are stored in /root/userfiles.

WARNING: Binary files uploaded to modem should be compiled for processor installed in modem!



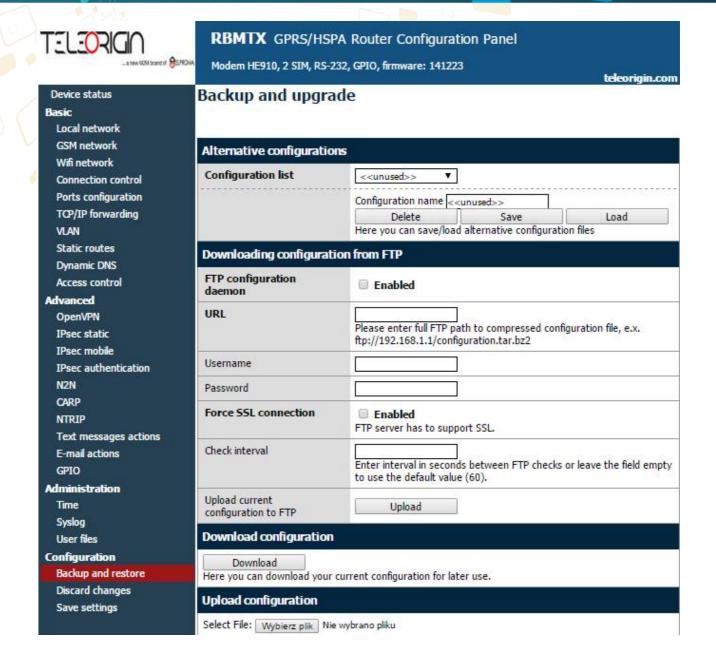
4.2.25 Backup and restore



Under backup and restore tab user can:

- Save/load alternative configurations
- Configure FTP client to periodically check FTP server for latest configuration
- Download/Upload backup configuration





4.2.26 Discard changes

Discard current changes in configuration which were not saved yet.

4.2.27 Save settings

To save your settings click save setting and wait until message will show up to confirm your configuration data was saved.



4.3 System logs description

```
This paragraph shows structure of typical System log with some basic errors:
01/01/0000:00:30 rbmtx syslogd 1.4.1: restart.
01/01/0000:00:31 rbmtx Start: RBMTX - FIRM:141226 - modem and firmware info
01/01/0000:00:35 rbmtx supervisor[560]: SIM Holder open/closed - SIM holder open/closed by software
01/01/0000:00:36 rbmtx supervisor[560]: Modem init 1 - first initialization try
01/01/0000:01:09 rbmtx supervisor[560]: Init /dev/ttyS1 – port initialization
01/01/0000:01:10 rbmtx supervisor[560]: Init /dev/ttyACM0
01/01/0000:01:13 rbmtx supervisor[560]: Modem is not registered on the GSM network - modem is not able
to log into network
01/01/0000:01:13 rbmtx supervisor[560]: Entering Modem is ready
01/01/0000:01:13 rbmtx supervisor[560]: Entering PIN OK – modem is ready for connection
01/01/0000:01:13 rbmtx supervisor[560]: Entering PIN error code: - wrong PIN message
01/01/0000:01:14 rbmtx login[811]: unable to change tty \dev/ttyS0' for user \root'
01/01/0000:01:14 rbmtx login[811]: ROOT LOGIN on 'ttvS0'
01/01/0000:01:20 rbmtx pppd[901]: pppd 2.4.5 started by root, uid 0 – connection
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: timeout set to 2 seconds
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: send (AT)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: expect (OK)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: AT
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: OK
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: send (ATZ0)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: expect (OK)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: ATZ0
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: OK
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: send (AT)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: abort on (NO DIALTONE)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: abort on (ERROR)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: abort on (NO ANSWER)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: abort on (BUSY)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: expect (OK)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: AT
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: OK
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: send (ATZ0)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: abort on (NO CARRIER)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: timeout set to 30 seconds
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: expect (OK)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: ATZ0
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: OK
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: send (AT)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: expect (OK)
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: AT
01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: OK
```



01/01/0000:01:21 rbmtx chat[903]: send (AT+CGDCONT=1,"ip","example.apn")

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01/01/0000:01:22 rbmtx chat[903]: clear abort on (ERROR)

01/01/0000:01:22 rbmtx chat[903]: send (dddATD*99#)

01/01/0000:01:23 rbmtx supervisor[560]: pppd check loop:1

01/01/0000:01:25 rbmtx chat[903]: expect (CONNECT)

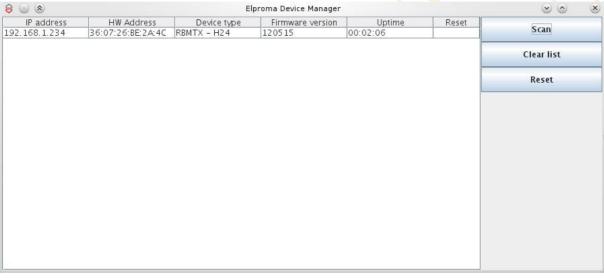
01/01/0000:01:25 rbmtx chat[903]: AT+CGDCONT=1,"ip","example.apn"

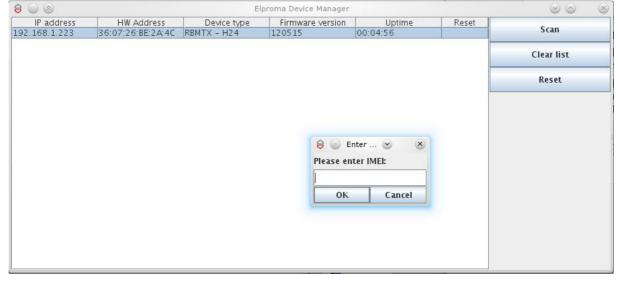


4.4 Elproma Device Manager

Elproma Device Manager is an application which allows you to find RB MTX modems in local area network (LAN) and then restore factory settings by entering their IMEI number. It is particularly useful when you forgot IP number of device and you can't access it by terminal on serial port.

The installation process is pretty simple-you launch .exe file and choose path where to unpack the application. The main window of program consists of table-list of devices available on your network and buttons: Scan, Clear List, Reset and About. First you need to scan the network for devices. It takes few seconds to list all the devices. Please also keep in mind that it takes a while to boot modem so it won't respond immediately after you turn it on.







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When the scan is complete you can see list of available devices in the table. You can review information like IP address, MAC address, device name, firmware version and uptime. If you want to restore factory settings on any device on the list, click the Reset button and enter IMEI. Program will send special packet to all devices, but only the one with IMEI you have entered will be affected. If the IMEI is correct and the factory settings have been restored you should see "IMEI OK" in one of cells of last column. This device will now reset to load new settings and after about 1-2 minutes it will confirm that whole operation was successful - you should see then that "IMEI OK" will change to "done".

8 0 8		E	lproma Device Manager			
IP address 192.168.1.223	HW Address 36:07:26:BE:2A:4C	Device type RBMTX - H24	Firmware version 120515	Uptime 00:04:56	Reset IMELOK	Scan
						Clear list
						Reset

8 6		Elproma Device Manager				
IP address 192.168.1.234	HW Address 36:07:26:BE:2A:4C	Device type RBMTX - H24	Firmware version 120515	Uptime 00:03:41	Reset done	Scan
192.100.1.234	30.07.20.BE.2A4C	INDIMITY - 1124	120313	00.03.41	luone	Clear list
						Reset



5 Troubleshooting

5.1 No communication with the modem

If there is no communication with the modem do the following steps:

- Check all external connections of the modem
- Verify if power supply is correct
- → Check if TCP/IP parameters are correct
- Check if any firewall is not blocking connection with the modem

5.2 Modem answers but there is no internet connection

If there is no internet connection do following:

- Check if antenna is connected properly
- 7 Check if you have reception of GPRS/EDGE/HSPA signal in your area (on website of GSM provider
- Check if you configured your modem with proper parameters provided by your network provider (they should match in order to connect to internet)
- 7 In case you do not have internet access contact your provider in order to get internet access



6 Technical characteristics

6.1 Mechanical characteristic

Max. dimensions 70 x 59,9 x 30,9 mm (w/o connectors)

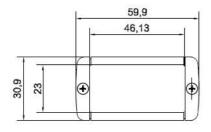
80 x 59,9 x 30,9 mm (w/ connectors)

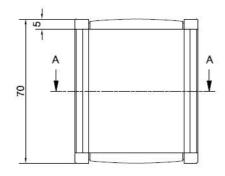
Weight ≈138,3 g (only modem w/o any external connection)

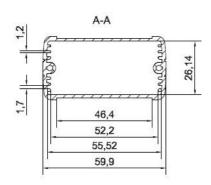
 \approx 145,7g (modem w/ antenna)

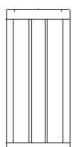
Volume $\approx 129,56 \text{ cm} 3 \text{ (w/o connectors)}$

6.2 Housing (dimension diagram)

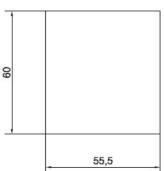




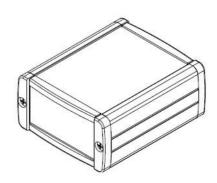








MAXIMUM PCB SIZE



6.3 Electrical characteristic

6.3.1 Power supply

- Nominal voltage range: 9V-30V
- Maximum continuous (average) supply power: 5W
- Peak (momentary) supply current: 1 A

6.3.2 RF characteristics

6.3.2.1 Frequency ranges - HSPA+ variant

74				
WCDMA1700 (band IV)	1710 ~ 1755	211 0 ~ 2155	Tx: 1312 ~ 1513 additional 1662, 1687, 1712, 1737, 1762, 1787, 1812, 1837, 1862 Rx: 1537 ~ 1738 additional 1887, 1912, 1937, 1962, 1987, 2012, 2037, 2062, 2087	400MHz
WCDMA1900 (band II)	1850 ~ 1910	1930 ~ 1990	Tx: 9262 ~ 9538 additional 12, 37, 62, 87, 112, 137, 162, 187, 212, 237, 262, 287 Rx: 9662 ~ 9938 additional 412, 437, 462, 487, 512, 537, 562, 587, 612, 637, 662, 687	80MHz
WCDMA2100 (Band I)	1920 ~ 1980	2110 ~ 2170	Tx: 9612 ~ 9888 Rx: 10562 ~ 10838	190MHz
WCDMA850 (band V)	824 ~ 849	869 ~ 894	additional 782, 787, 807, 812, 837, 862 Rx: 4357 ~ 4458 additional 1007, 1012, 1032, 1037, 1062, 1087	45MHz
WCDMA900 (band VIII)	880 ~ 915	925 ~ 960	Tx: 2712 ~ 2863 Rx: 2937 ~ 3088	45MHz



6.3.2.2 Frequency ranges - UMTS variant

			Es .	
Mode	Freq. TX [MHz]	Freq. RX [MHz]	Channels	TX - RX offset
GSM850	824.2 ~ 848.8	869.2 ~ 893.8	128 ~ 251	45 MHz
FOCMOOD	890.0 ~ 914.8	935.0 ~ 959.8	0 ~ 124	45 MHz
EGSM900	880.2 ~ 889.8	925.2 ~ 934.8	975 ~ 1023	45 MHz
DCS1800	1710.2 ~ 1784.8	1805.2 ~ 1879.8	512 ~ 885	95MHz
PCS1900	1850.2 ~ 1909.8	1930.2 ~ 1989.8	512 ~ 810	80MHz
WCDMA850 (band V)	826.4 ~ 846.6	871.4 ~ 891.6	Tx: 4132 ~ 4233 Rx: 4357 ~ 4458	45MHz
WCDMA900 (band VIII)	882.4 ~ 912.6	927.4 ~ 957.6	Tx: 2712 ~ 2863 Rx: 2937 ~ 3088	45MHz
WCDMA1900 (band II)	1852.4 ~ 1907.6	1932.4 ~ 1987.6	Tx: 9262 ~ 9538 Rx: 9662 ~ 9938	80MHz
WCDMA2100 (Band I)	1922.4 ~ 1977.6	2112.4 ~ 2167.6	Tx: 9612 ~ 9888 Rx: 10562 ~ 10838	190MHz

6.3.2.3 WiFi characteristics

Standards 802.11b/g/n, 802.3, 802.3u

Frequency band 2.4 Ghz

Output power 13 dBm@11n

17 dBm@11b 15 dBm@11g

tolerance ±2 dBm.

Data rates: up to 150Mbps



6.3.2.4 External antenna

The external antenna is connected to the modem via SMA connector. Antenna must have parameters as shown below in table.

Antenna frequency range Supporting GSM, UMTS or LTE frequencies for GSM

or ISM 2.4 GHz for WIFI

Impedance 50Ω DC impedance 0Ω Gain 0 dBiVSWR (with cable) -10 dB

The antenna chosen for working with modem should best fit to circumstances of environment it is used in. When the modem is placed in a room or somewhere where the range of networks signal is too low, the outdoor or specific indoor antenna should be used to increase it.

6.4 Environmental characteristic

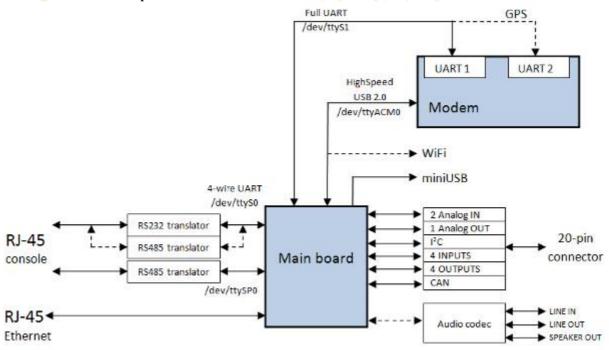
Attention! Exceeding the values may result in permanent damage to the module.

Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
Ambient Operating Temperature	0	45	°C



7 Terminal architecture

Diagram below shows simplified architecture of RBMTX. Features marked with dotted lines are available as option.



8 Safety recommendations

8.1 General Safety

Please follow safety regulations regarding the use of radio equipment due to the possibility of radio frequency interference. Read given advices carefully.

Switch *off* GSM terminal when:

- in an aircraft using cellular telephones in aircraft may endanger the operation of the aircraft; it is illegal
- at a refuelling point
- $_{m{7}}$ in any area with potentially explosive atmosphere which could cause an explosion or fire
- in hospitals and any other places where medical equipment is in use

Respect restrictions on the use of radio equipment in any area or place where it is signalized that using cellular telephony is forbidden or dangerous.

Using GSM modem close to other electronic equipment may also cause interference if the equipment is inadequately protected. It may lead to damage or failure of GSM modem or the other equipment.

8.2 Care and Maintenance

The RBMTX terminal is a electronic product that should be treated with care. Please follow suggestions shown below due to using modem for many years.

- Do not expose terminal to any extreme circumstances like high temperature or high humidity
- Do not keep modem in dirty and dust places
- Do not disassemble the modem
- Do not expose the modem to any water, rain or steam
- Do not drop, shake or knocking your modem
- 7 Do not place your modem close to magnetic devices credit cards, etc
- Use of third party equipment or accessories, not made or authorized by Elproma Electronics may invalid the warranty of modem and/or cause failure or permanent damage of modem
- **7** Do not expose the modem to children under 3 years

8.3 Responsibility

The modem is under your responsibility. Please treat it with care, and respect local regulations. This is not a toy – keep it out of the reach of children.

Try to use security features (PIN etc.) to block unauthorized use or theft.



9 Accessories

The tables below shows recommended accessories for RBMTX terminal.

Part No.	Name 🔪	Description
RB-PS12VP2L15	12V power adaptor	<1,5m> 2 PIN
RB-PSCP2L15	Supply cable	2PIN <1,5m> open end
RB-903G	3G angle antenna	2J010
RB-89MSH	SIM drawer	MOLEX 0912360001
RB-MDH	DIN Holder	
RB-MR2R4	RS232/RS485 2in1 cable	

Power cable - open end



IO cable







DIN rail holder



Bur holder





Ul. Szymanowskiego 13;

10 Safety Recommendations

READ CAREFULLY

Be sure the use of this product is allowed in the country and in the environment required. The use of this product may be dangerous and has to be avoided in the following areas:

- Where it can interfere with other electronic devices in environments such as hospitals, airports, aircrafts, etc
- Where there is risk of explosion such as gasoline stations, oil refineries, etc

It is responsibility of the user to enforce the country regulation and the specific environment regulation.

Do not disassemble the product; any mark of tampering will compromise the warranty validity.

We recommend following the instructions of the hardware user guides for a correct wiring of the product. The product has to be supplied with a stabilized voltage source and the wiring has to be conforming to the security and fire prevention regulations.

The product has to be handled with care, avoiding any contact with the pins because electrostatic discharges may damage the product itself. The same cautions have to be taken for the SIM, checking carefully the instruction for its use. Do not insert or remove the SIM when the product is in power saving mode.

The system integrator is responsible of the functioning of the final product; therefore, care has to be taken to the external components of the module, as well as of any project or installation issue, because the risk of disturbing the GSM network or external devices or having impact on the security. Should there be any doubt, please refer to the technical documentation and the regulations in force.

Every module has to be equipped with a proper antenna with specific characteristics. The antenna has to be installed with care in order to avoid any interference with other electronic devices and has to guarantee a minimum distance from the people (20 cm). In case of this requirement cannot be satisfied, the system integrator has to assess the final product against the SAR regulation.

- 1. The unit does not provide protection from lightning and surge. For outdoor installation use outdoor nonmetallic case safety approved according UL 50. Additionally you should provide protection from lightning and over voltage according National code.
- 2. Be sure the use of this product is allowed in the country and in the environment required. The use of this product may be dangerous and has to be avoided in the following areas: Where it can interfere with other electronic devices in environments such as hospitals, airports, aircrafts, etc. Where there is risk of explosion such as gasoline stations, oil refineries, etc. It is responsibility of the user to enforce the country regulation and the specific environment regulation. Do not disassemble the product; any mark of tampering will compromise the warranty validity. We recommend following the instructions of the hardware user guides for a correct wiring of the product. The product has to be supplied with a stabilized voltage source and the wiring has to be conforming to the security and fire prevention regulations. The product has to be handled with care, avoiding any contact with



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the pins because electrostatic discharges may damage the product itself. Same cautions have to be taken for the SIM, checking carefully the instruction for its use. Do not insert or remove the SIM when the product is in power saving mode. The system integrator is responsible of the functioning of the final product; therefore, care has to be given to the external components of the unit, as well as of any project or installation issue, because the risk of disturbing the GSM network or external devices or having impact on the security. Should there be any doubt, please refer to the technical documentation and the regulations in force. Every unit has to be equipped with a proper antenna with specific characteristics. The antenna has to be installed with care in order to avoid any interference with other electronic devices and has to guarantee a minimum distance from the body (20 cm/8"). In case this requirement cannot be satisfied, the system integrator should assess the final product against the SAR regulation. The European Community provides some Directives for the electronic equipment introduced on the market. All the relevant information available on the European Community website: http://europa.eu.int/comm/enterprise/rtte/dir99-5.htm

The text of the Directive 99/05 regarding telecommunication equipment is available, while the applicable Directives (Low Voltage and EMC) are available at: http://europa.eu.int/comm/enterprise/electr-equipment/index-en.htm



11 Certifications

11.1 Conformity Assessment Issues

The RBMTX has been assessed in order to satisfy the essential requirements of the R&TTE Directive 1999/05/EC (Radio Equipment & Telecommunications Terminal Equipments) to demonstrate the conformity against the harmonised standards with the final involvement of a Notified Body.



11.2 Declatarions of conformity

The RBMTX product is in conformity with the following standards or other normative documents:

Name: Industrial GSM/UMTS router Model: RBMTX-Ux1	Name: Industrial GSM/UMTS router with WiFi
	Model: RBMTX-Ux1.X.W.X.X
R&TTE 1999/5/EC	Reference standard(s):
RF spectrum use (R&TTE art. 3.2):	R&TTE 1999/5/EC
EN 301 511 V9.02	RF spectrum use (R&TTE art. 3.2):
EN 301 908-1 V5.2.1	EN 301 511 V9.02
EN 301 908-2 V5.2.1	EN 301 908-1 V5.2.1
	EN 301 908-2 V5.2.1
EMC (R&TTE art. 3.1b):	EN 300 328
EN 301 489-1 V1.9.2	EN 301 489-3
EN 301 489-7 V1.3.1	
EN 301 489-24 V1.5.1	EMC (R&TTE art. 3.1b):
EN 55022	EN 301 489-1 V1.9.2
	EN 301 489-7 V1.3.1
Health & Safety (R&TTE art. 3.1a):	EN 301 489-24 V1.5.1
EN 60950-1	EN 55022
	Health & Safety (R&TTE art. 3.1a):
	EN 60950-1



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Name: Industrial GSM/UMTS/HSPA+router	Name: Industrial GSM/UMTS/HSPA router with WiFi
Model: RBMTX-Hx1	Model: RBMTX-Hx1.X.W.X.X
R&TTE 1999/5/EC	R&TTE 1999/5/EC
RF spectrum use (R&TTE art. 3.2):	RF spectrum use (R&TTE art. 3.2):
	EN 301 511 V9.02
EN 301 511 V9.02	EN 301 908-1 V5.2.1
EN 301 908-1 V5.2.1	EN 301 908-2 V5.2.1
EN 301 908-2 V5.2.1	EN 300 328
	EN 301489-3
EMC (R&TTE art. 3.1b):	
EN 301 489-1 V1.9.2	EMC (R&TTE art. 3.1b):
EN 301 489-7 V1.3.1	EN 301 489-1 V1.9.2
EN 301 489-24 V1.5.1	EN 301 489-7 V1.3.1
EN 55022	EN 301 489-24 V1.5.1
	EN 55022
Health & Safety (R&TTE art. 3.1a):	
EN 60950-1	Health & Safety (R&TTE art. 3.1a):
	EN 60950-1

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Name: Industrial GSM/UMTS/HSPA+/LTE router Model: RBMTX-Lx1	Name: Industrial GSM/UMTS/HSPA+/LTE router with WiFi Model: RBMTX-Lx1.X.W.X.X
1	
R&TTE 1999/5/EC	R&TTE 1999/5/EC
RF spectrum use (R&TTE art. 3.2):	RF spectrum use (R&TTE art. 3.2):
EN300 440-2 V1.4.1	EN 300 440-2 V1.4.1
EN 301 511 V9.02	EN 301 511 V9.02
EN 301 908-1 V6.2.1	EN 301 908-1 V6.2.1
EN 301 908-2 V5.4.1	EN 301 908-2 V5.4.1
EN 301 908-13 V5.2.1	EN 301 908-13 V5.2.1
	EN 300 328
EMC (R&TTE art. 3.1b):	EN 301 489-3
EN 301 489-1 V1.9.2	
EN 301 489-3 V1.6.1	EMC (R&TTE art. 3.1b):
EN 301 489-7 V1.3.1	EN 301 489-1 V1.9.2
EN 301 489-24 V1.5.1	EN 301 489-3 V1.6.1
EN 55022 Class B	EN 301 489-7 V1.3.1
	EN 301 489-24 V1.5.1
Health & Safety (R&TTE art. 3.1a):	EN 55022 Class B
EN 60950-1	
	Health & Safety (R&TTE art. 3.1a):
	EN 60950-1

11.3 National restrictions

This device is intended for use in all EU countries (and other countries following the EU directive 1999/5/EC) without any limitation except for the countries mentioned below:

Norway	This subsection does not apply for the geographical area within a radius of 20 km
	from the centre of Ny-Ålesund



12 List of Acronyms

A	CM	Accumulated Call Meter
AS	SCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
АТ	Γ	Attention commands
CE	В	Cell Broadcast
CE	BS	Cell Broadcasting Service
CC	CM	Call Control Meter
CI	LIP	Calling Line Identification Presentation
CI	LIR	Calling Line Identification Restriction
CN	MOS	Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor
CF	R	Carriage Return
CS	SD	Circuit Switched Data
CT	ΓS	Clear To Send
DA	AI	Digital Audio Interface
DO	CD	Data Carrier Detected
DO	CE	Data Communications Equipment
DI	RX	Data Receive
DS	SR	Data Set Ready
D	ТА	Data Terminal Adaptor
\mathbf{D}	ΤЕ	Data Terminal Equipment
\mathbf{D}	ТМБ	Dual Tone Multi Frequency
\mathbf{D}	TR	Data Terminal Ready
EN	MC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
ЕТ	ΓSI	European Telecommunications Equipment Institute
FT	ΓΑ	Full Type Approval (ETSI)
GI	PRS	General Radio Packet Service
GS	SM	Global System for Mobile communication
HI	F	Hands Free
IM	1EI	International Mobile Equipment Identity
IM	1SI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity
IR	A	Internationale Reference Alphabet
IT	U	International Telecommunications Union
IW		Inter-Working Function
LC	CD	Liquid Crystal Display



We're talking M2M language...

LF Linefeed ME Mobile Equipment MMI Man Machine Interface MO Mobile Originated MS Mobile Station MT Mobile Terminated OEM Other Equipment Manufacturer PB Phone Book PDU Protocol Data Unit PH Packet Handler PIN Personal Identity Number PLMN Public Land Mobile Network PUCT Price per Unit Currency Table PUK PIN Unblocking Code RACH Random Access Channel RLP Radio Link Protocol RMS Root Mean Square RTS Ready To Send RI Ring Indicator SAR Specific Absorption Rate (e.g. of the body of a person in an electromagnetic field) SCA Service Center Address
MMI Man Machine Interface MO Mobile Originated MS Mobile Station MT Mobile Terminated OEM Other Equipment Manufacturer PB Phone Book PDU Protocol Data Unit PH Packet Handler PIN Personal Identity Number PLMN Public Land Mobile Network PUCT Price per Unit Currency Table PUK PIN Unblocking Code RACH Random Access Channel RLP Radio Link Protocol RMS Root Mean Square RTS Ready To Send RI Ring Indicator SAR Specific Absorption Rate (e.g. of the body of a person in an electromagnetic field)
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RI Ring Indicator SAR Specific Absorption Rate (e.g. of the body of a person in an electromagnetic field)
SAR Specific Absorption Rate (e.g. of the body of a person in an electromagnetic field)
SCA Service Center Address
SIM Subscriber Identity Module
SMD Surface Mounted Device
SMS Short Message Service
SMSC Short Message Service Center
SPI Serial Protocol Interface
SS Supplementary Service
TIA Telecommunications Industry Association
UDUB User Determined User Busy
USSD Unstructured Supplementary Service Data



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